

$$D^4 \cos x = \cos x$$

$$D^5 \cos x = -\sin x$$

We see that the successive derivatives occur in a cycle of length 4 and, in particular,  $D^n \cos x = \cos x$  whenever  $n$  is a multiple of 4. Therefore

$$D^{24} \cos x = \cos x$$

If we differentiate three more times, we have

13.  $y = \frac{x}{1-x}$

14.  $y = xe^{cx}$

41. A car starts from rest and the graph of its position function is

49. A particle moves according to a law of motion  $s = f(t) = t^3 - 12t^2 + 36t$ ,  $t \geq 0$ , where  $t$  is measured in seconds and  $s$  in meters.
- (a) Find the acceleration at time  $t$  and after 3 s.
57. For what values of  $r$  does the function  $y = e^{rx}$  satisfy the equation  $y'' + 5y' - 6y = 0$ ?
58. Find the values of  $\lambda$  for which  $y = e^{\lambda x}$  satisfies the equation  $v + v' = v''$ .